

EXPERIENCE WITH BIOGRACE – FROM A VERIFIER VIEW

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WHEN YOU NEED TO BE SURE



1. Short introduction
2. General set up GHG verification at SGS
3. Experience with Biograce – an overview
4. Experience with Biograce on different verification items
5. Transport emissions
6. Further remarks
7. Conclusions/ Opportunities for Improvement

SHORT INTRODUCTION



- **Sarah Moritz**
- **SGS Germany, Emstek** (Center of Excellence for ISCC and REDcert certification)
- Regulatory Consultant, GHG expert, Auditor
- Degree in biology
- Work experience:
 - 3 years working at SGS in ISCC certification
 - 2 years GHG expert at SGS, review of GHG calculations
 - 2 years GHG emissions calculation of renewable energies (Federal Environment Agency of Germany)

- **SGS** was the first company who was approved for the certification of sustainable biofuels
- **SGS** has a world-wide network of more than 70 approved auditors in different regions of the world (Europe, North and South America, South East Asia, Australia)
- **SGS** has certified companies with individual greenhouse gas calculation from the beginning of ISCC certification
- **SGS** is the world leader in ISCC certification
- **With our exeperience we are a competent and professional partner for companies who would like to obtain ISCC certification**

GENERAL SET UP GHG VERIFICATION

common practice at SGS:

- Expert verifies the calculation & literature data
- Expert creates a checklist for on-site audit
- Auditor on-site confirms on-site gathered data (e.g. amount of fertilizers, process energy source, amount of co-products)
- Pool of highly qualified GHG experts (ISO 14 064, EU ETS and other standards)

EXPERIENCE WITH BIOGRACE

- 2014: about 50 Companies with individual calculations

About 10 % used Biograce

Other percent used their own format usually in excel, very rarely other calculator (ENZO2)

REGULAR VERIFICATION:

- List of **emission sources (all sources included?)**
- Correct use of **emission factors** (correct emission factor used?)
- Report of **activity data** (activity data correct?)
- Divided by annual product output
- **+ allocation (if applicable?)**
- (+ land use change (if applicable))
- Right application of **methodology** (calculated according to the correct formulas?)

VERIFICATION WHEN BIOGRACE IS USED:

- List of **emission sources** (all sources included?)
- ~~Correct use of **emission factors** (correct emission factor used?)~~
- Report of **activity data** (activity data correct?) **+ correct conversion of units**
- Divided by annual product output
- ~~+ **allocation (if applicable)**~~
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- ~~Right application of **methodology** (calculated according to the correct formulas?)~~

EXPERIENCE WITH BIOGRACE ON DIFFERENT VERIFICATION ITEMS

VERIFICATION WHEN BIOGRACE IS USED:

- **List of emission sources (all sources included?)**
- ~~Correct use of **emission factors** (correct emission factor used?)~~
- **Report of activity data (activity data correct?) + correct conversion of units**
- Divided by annual product output
- ~~+ **allocation (if applicable)**~~
- (+ land use change (if applicable))
- ~~Right application of **methodology** (calculated according to the correct formulas?)~~

1. Still has to be verified if all emission sources are included
2. Not possible to include other emission sources in calculation

■ **Example 1**

Cultivation level: natural gas for drying cannot be included

Yield	
Rapeseed	3.113 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Moisture content	10,0%
Co-product Straw	n/a kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Energy consumption	
Diesel	2.963 MJ ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Agro chemicals	
N-fertiliser (kg N)	137,4 kg N ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Manure	0,0 kg N ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
CaO-fertiliser (kg CaO)	19,0 kg CaO ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
K ₂ O-fertiliser (kg K ₂ O)	49,5 kg K ₂ O ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
P ₂ O ₅ -fertiliser (kg P ₂ O ₅)	33,7 kg P ₂ O ₅ ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Pesticides	1,2 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Seeding material	
Seeds- rapeseed	6 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Field N₂O emissions	
	3,10 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Field N₂O emissions can be calculated in the sheet N2O emissions IPCC	
Rapeseed drying	
Rapeseed	1,000 MJ _{Rapeseed} / MJ _{Rapeseed}
Energy consumption	
Diesel	0,00018 MJ / MJ _{Rapeseed}
Electricity EU mix LV	0,00308 MJ / MJ _{Rapeseed}

1. Still has to be verified if all emission sources are included
2. Not possible to include other sources in calculation

■ **Example 2**

Conversion level: difficult to include other energy sources

EXAMPLE 2: Company buys steam from external supplier who produces steam from natural gas. Only MWh of steam known and fuel of steam production plant

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
STANDARD VALUES	parameter: unit:	GHG emission coefficient							
		GWP gCO _{2,eq} / g	gCO ₂ /kg	gCH ₄ /kg	gN ₂ O/kg	gCO _{2-_{eq}} /kg	gCO ₂ /MJ	gCH ₄ /MJ	gN ₂ O/MJ
<i>emissions from steam production (per MJ steam or heat)</i>									
	and N ₂ O emissions from NG boiler						0,0028	0,0011	0,39
	and N ₂ O emissions from NG CHP						0,0000	0,0000	0,00
	and N ₂ O emissions from Lignite CHP						0,0023	0,0126	3,79
	and N ₂ O emissions from Straw CHP						0,0000	0,0000	0,00
	and N ₂ O emissions from NG gas engine						0,0533	0,0000	1,23

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- Divided by annual product output
- ~~+ **allocation** (if applicable)~~
- (+ land use change (if applicable))
- ~~Right application of **methodology** (calculated according to the correct formulas?)~~

- DATA WHICH HAS BEEN INSERTED IN THE CALCULATION MUST BE VERIFIED ON-SITE

■ Typical example for calculation of **cultivation emissions**:

Yield

Rapeseed	3,113 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Moisture content	10,0%
Co-product Straw	n/a kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹

Energy consumption

Diesel	2,963 MJ ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
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Agro chemicals

N-fertiliser (kg N)	137,4 kg N ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Manure	0,0 kg N ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
CaO-fertiliser (kg CaO)	19,0 kg CaO ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
K ₂ O-fertiliser (kg K ₂ O)	49,5 kg K ₂ O ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
P ₂ O ₅ -fertiliser (kg P ₂ O ₅)	33,7 kg P ₂ O ₅ ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
Pesticides	1,2 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹

Seeding material

Seeds- rapeseed	6 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
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Field N₂O emissions

	3,10 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
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Field N₂O emissions can be calculated in the sheet

[N2O emissions IPCC](#)

Farmers usually do not cultivate one only feedstock

→ Fuel and energy consumption usually not measured for each feedstock

→ Approximation necessary

■ Typical example for calculation of **cultivation emissions**:

Yield

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Moisture content	10,0%
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Field N₂O emissions **3,10** kg ha⁻¹ year⁻¹

Field N₂O emissions can be calculated in the sheet

[N₂O emissions IPCC](#)

Utilization of Urea (CH₄N₂O), 100 kg/ha

- Only N-content has to be inserted in Biograce
- Stochiometric conversion necessary
- Prone to mistakes

■ Typical example for calculation of **conversion process**:

Yield

Crude vegetable oil	0,6125	MJ _{Oil} / MJ _{Rapeseed}
Co-product Rapeseed cake	0,3875	MJ _{Rapeseed cake} / MJ _{Rapeseed}

Energy consumption

Electricity EU mix MV	0,0118	MJ / MJ _{Oil}
Steam (from NG boiler)	0,0557	MJ / MJ _{Oil}

NG Boiler

CH ₄ and N ₂ O emissions from NG boiler		
Natural gas input / MJ steam	1,111	MJ / MJ _{Steam}
Natural gas (4000 km, EU Mix quality)	0,062	MJ / MJ _{Oil}
Electricity input / MJ steam	0,020	MJ / MJ _{Steam}
Electricity EU mix MV	0,001	MJ / MJ _{Oil}

Chemicals

n-Hexane	0,0043	MJ / MJ _{Oil}
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- Yields in kg_{output}/kg_{input}
 - Electricity bills in kWh
 - Steam in kWh or kg
 - Natural gas in kWh or m³
 - Hexane in kg
- ➔ Mistakes occur when conversion to „biograce units“ is made

■ Typical example for calculation of **biodiesel process**:

[Ethanol from sugar beet](#)

[Ethanol from wheat \(process fuel not specified\)](#)

[Ethanol from wheat \(lignite CHP\)](#)

[Ethanol from wheat \(natural gas steam boiler\)](#)

[Ethanol from wheat \(natural gas CHP\)](#)

[Ethanol from wheat \(straw CHP\)](#)

[Ethanol from corn \(community produced\) \(natural gas\)](#)

[Ethanol from sugarcane](#)

[FAME from rape seed](#)

[FAME from sunflower](#)

[FAME from soybean](#)

[FAME from palm oil \(process not specified\)](#)

[FAME from palm oil \(methane capture at oil mill\)](#)

[FAME from waste vegetable or animal oil](#)

- Different feedstocks (e.g. refined rapeseed, palm and soybean oil) are used in extraction process
- Necessary to fill out a Biograce sheet for each feedstock
- Problem: consumptions are usually not known for each feedstock but for total incoming refined oil and outgoing biodiesel
- Also applies to other conversion processes

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- ~~Right application of **methodology** (calculated according to the correct formulas?)~~

■ Typical example for calculation of **extraction process**:

- Usually measured in kg
- Conversion necessary
- Mistakes are common

Yield

Crude vegetable oil	0,6125	MJ _{Oil} / MJ _{Rapeseed}
Co-product Rapeseed cake	0,3875	MJ _{Rapeseed cake} / MJ _{Rapeseed}

Energy consumption

Electricity EU mix MV	0,0118	MJ / MJ _{Oil}
Steam (from NG boiler)	0,0557	MJ / MJ _{Oil}

NG Boiler

CH₄ and N₂O emissions from NG boiler

Natural gas input / MJ steam **1,111** MJ / MJ_{Steam}

Natural gas (4000 km, EU Mix quality)
0,062 MJ / MJ_{Oil}

Electricity input / MJ steam **0,020** MJ / MJ_{Steam}

Electricity EU mix MV 0,001 MJ / MJ_{Oil}

Chemicals

n-Hexane **0,0043** MJ / MJ_{Oil}

VERIFICATION WHEN BIOGRACE IS USED:

- List of **emission sources** (all sources included?)
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1. Verification of eligibility for allocation

Example crude glycerin

Rapeseed oil	170.000	t per year
Biodiesel	166.600	t per year
Co-products		
Crude Glycerin	25.500	t per year
LHV Co-Product	16,0	MJ per kg
Chemicals		
Methanol	16.000	t per year
Hydrochloric acid (HCl)	500	t per year

1. Verification of eligibility for allocation
2. **New co-products cannot be added in Biograce**

Example lecithine

Products (Output)			
main output product	crude rapseed oil	250.000	t/year
co-products:	rapeseed meal	300.000	t/year
	rapeseed lecithine	2.900	t/year

1. Verification of eligibility for allocation
2. New co-products cannot be added in Biograce
3. **For crude palm oil allocation only to Palm kernel meal, not palm kernel**

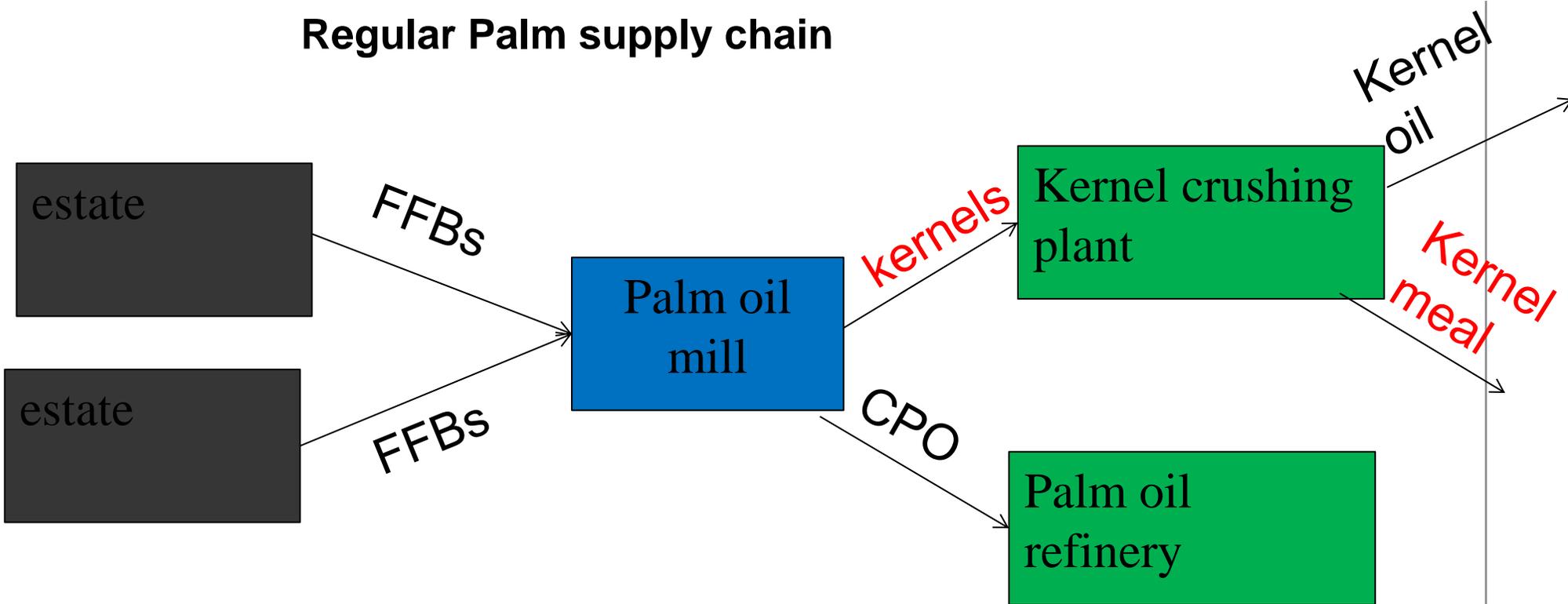
Total emission before allocation:

co-product

		Emissions up to and including this process step:	
Main product:	Palm oil	Energy content (based on 1 MJ)	1,0000 MJ
Co-product:	Kernel meal	Energy content co-product	0,0506 MJ
		Total:	1,0506 MJ

Total emission after allocation:

Regular Palm supply chain



1. Verification of eligibility for allocation
2. New co-products cannot be added in Biograce
3. For crude palm oil allocation only to Palm kernel meal, not palm kernel
4. **No allocation to free fatty acids possible in Biograce**

1. Verification of eligibility for allocation
2. New co-products cannot be added in Biograce
3. For crude palm oil allocation only to Palm kernel meal, not palm kernel
4. No allocation to free fatty acids possible in Biograce
5. **Lower heating values are different than the ones from the RED**

Example Oil mill

source

Input

rapeseed	500.000.000	kg/yr	
emissions rapeseed (cultivation)	678,18	kgCO2eq/t rapeseed	
rapeseed emissions per t crude oil	1.397	kgCO2eq/t crude oil	

Output

crude rapeseed oil	242.645	t/yr	
rapeseed meal	305.766.000	kg/yr	

conversion factors

crude rapeseed oil	0,485	kg rapeseed/kg crude oil	
rapeseed meal	0,612	kg rapeseed meal/kg crude oil	

lower heating values

crude rapeseed oil	36	MJ/kg	Biograce
rapeseed meal	18,7	MJ/kg	Biograce

Available LHV from RED!
(vegetable oil: 37 MJ/kg)

electricity consumption

electricity consumption (from the grid)	22.000.000	kWh/yr	
emission factor	0,4700	kgCO2eq/kWh	ISCC 205 document
CO2e-Emissions	10.340.000	kgCO2eq	
CO2 Emissions total electricity per t rapeseed oil	43	kgCO2eq/t crude oil	

steam production (natural gas)

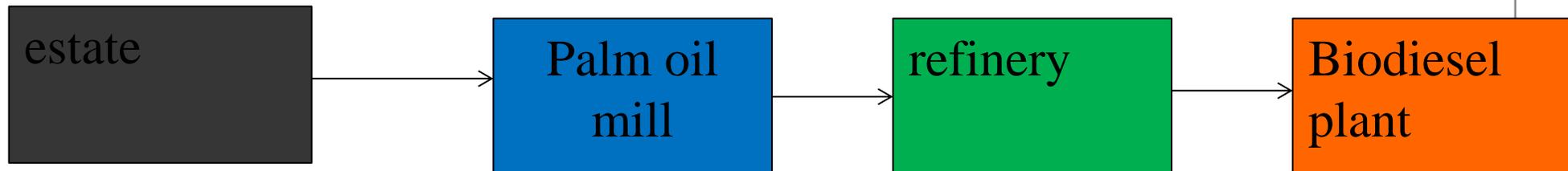
emission factor natural gas	104.000.000	kWh/yr	
emission factor natural gas	0,09	kgCO2eq/kWh	ISCC 205 document
CO2e-Emissions natural gas	9.360.000,00	kgCO2eq	

chemicals

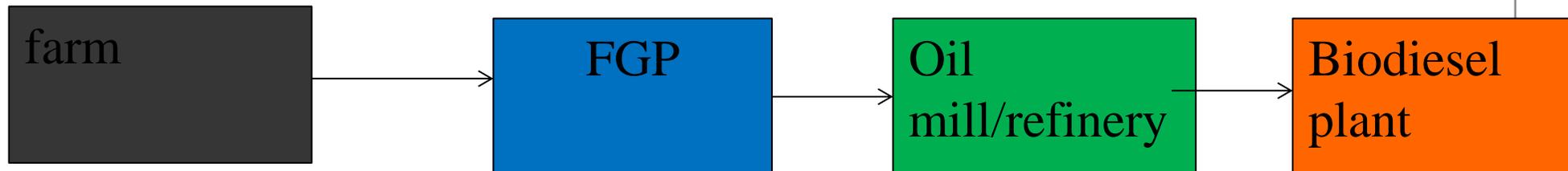
processwater	60.000.000	kg/yr	
emissionfactor process water	0,0003	kgCO2eq/kg	ISCC 205 document

TRANSPORT EMISSIONS

- Transport emissions do not show real situation
- Usually transport between different conversion units



- Transport emissions do not show real situation
- Usually transport between different conversion units
- Often transport from farm to trader



- For all transportation fuel efficiency in MJ/tkm, it would be helpful if Biograce would state more clearly when a return empty is assumed as part of the calculation factor
- Biograce misses more fuel efficiency factors for sea transport by bulk carriers, like in Biograce II where factors for Panamax and for inland bulk carrier exist. Helpful to have more factors, reflecting the fuel efficiency of other kinds of bulk carriers (supramax, handysize and coasters).

FURTHER REMARKS

- Not possible to calculate other feedstocks (e.g. Jatropha, triticale, barley, rye)
- NUTS2 values from member states reports cannot be used in the Biograce tool
- N-fertilizer has different names in calculation sheet and N2O-sheet

F_{SN}		kg N/ha/year	N in synthetic fertilizer	Agro chemicals	
F_{ON}		kg N/ha/year	N in organic fertilizer	N-fertiliser (kg N)	137,4 kg N ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
F_{CR}	#DIV/0!	kg N/ha/year	N in crop residues	Manure	0,0 kg N ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
F_{SOM}	0,00	kg N/ha/year	N mineralized	CaO-fertiliser (kg CaO)	19,0 kg CaO ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
				K ₂ O-fertiliser (kg K ₂ O)	49,5 kg K ₂ O ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
				P ₂ O ₅ -fertiliser (kg P ₂ O ₅)	33,7 kg P ₂ O ₅ ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹
				Pesticides	1,2 kg ha ⁻¹ year ⁻¹

CONCLUSION/OPPORTUNITIES FOR IMPROVEMENT

- Biograce eases the work of a verifier since methodology (correct use of formulas) does not have to be checked
- However additional checks have to be made which were not necessary when an own calculation tool is used (right conversion of units, correct allocation, etc.)
- Should be made more practical and more in line with reality
 - „real“ units should be used
 - Should be able to adapt supply chain (other co-products, transport emissions, other feedstocks)
- Suggestion: one version for recalculating the default values, other version with more flexibility to calculate for individual situation

**THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION!**



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